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	4 1 Health	

1. Plain language summary

DES

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The results of Table 2 indicate that exposed women may experience menopause slightly earlier. 9,16

Studies regarding a link to autoimmune diseases <sup>17</sup>, psychiatric diseases <sup>18</sup> and obesity <sup>19</sup> have not been able to establish an association. As the youngest cohort of DES daughters are expected to become menopausal in 2030-2040, longer term studies are required to determine the health outcomes of these women.

## 4.3 Health risks for DES sons

Male offspring are affected with an increase in the development of epididymal cysts, hypogonadism and

New Zealand Time to Screen. https://www.timetoscreen.nz/breast-screening/

The National Cervical Screening Program: Guidelines for the management of screen-detected abnormalities, screening in specific populations and investigation of abnormal vaginal bleeding. https://wiki.cancer.org.au/australia/Clinical\_question:Oncogenic\_HPV\_types\_not\_16/18

## 8. RANZCOG patient information



Recommendation category		Description	
Evidence-based A B C		Body of evidence can be trusted to guide practice	
		Body of evidence can be trusted to guide practice in most situations	
		Body of evidence provides some support for recommendation(s) but care should be taken in its application	
	D	The body of evidence is weak and the recommendation must be applied with caution	
Consensus-based		Recommendation based on clinical opinion and expertise as insufficient evidence available	

**Good Practice** 

## Appendix D Full Disclaimer Purpose This Guideline has been developed to provide general advice to p.993(r)2.736328 (218888(a8.50738( 5-10.013